

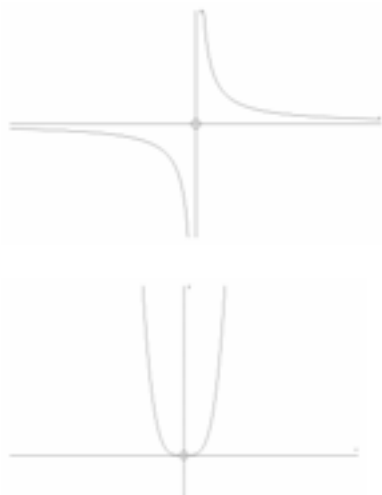
Mark Scheme 4721

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<p>1</p>	$(4x^2 + 20x + 25) - (x^2 - 6x + 9)$ $= 3x^2 + 26x + 16$ <p><u>Alternative method using difference of two squares:</u></p> $(2x + 5 + (x - 3))(2x + 5 - (x - 3))$ $= (3x + 2)(x + 8)$ $= 3x^2 + 26x + 16$	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1 3</p> <p>3</p>	<p>Square one bracket to give an expression of the form $ax^2 + bx + c$ ($a \neq 0, b \neq 0, c \neq 0$)</p> <p>One squared bracket fully correct</p> <p>All 3 terms of final answer correct</p> <p>M1 2 brackets with same terms but different signs</p> <p>A1 One bracket correctly simplified</p> <p>A1 All 3 terms of final answer correct</p>
<p>2 (a)(i)</p> <p>(ii)</p> <p>(b)</p>	 <p>Stretch Scale factor 8 in y direction or scale factor $\frac{1}{2}$ in x direction</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>B1 2</p> <p>B1 1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1 2</p> <p>5</p>	<p>Excellent curve for $\frac{1}{x}$ in either quadrant</p> <p>Excellent curve for $\frac{1}{x}$ in other quadrant</p> <p>SR B1 Reasonably correct curves in 1st and 3rd quadrants</p> <p>Correct graph, minimum point at origin, symmetrical</p>
<p>3 (i)</p> <p>(ii)</p>	$3\sqrt{20} \text{ or } 3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{2} \text{ or } \sqrt{180}$ $\text{or } \sqrt{90} \times \sqrt{2}$ $= 6\sqrt{5}$ $10\sqrt{5} + 5\sqrt{5}$ $= 15\sqrt{5}$	<p>M1</p> <p>A1 2</p> <p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>A1 3</p> <p>5</p>	<p>Correctly simplified answer</p> <p>Attempt to change both surds to $\sqrt{5}$</p> <p>One part correct and fully simplified</p> <p>cao</p>

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<p>4 (i)</p> <p>(ii)</p>	$(-4)^2 - 4 \times k \times k$ $= 16 - 4k^2$ $16 - 4k^2 = 0$ $k^2 = 4$ $k = 2$ <p>or $k = -2$</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1 2</p> <p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1 3</p> <p>5</p>	<p>Uses $b^2 - 4ac$ (involving k)</p> $16 - 4k^2$ <p>Attempts $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ (involving k) or attempts to complete square (involving k)</p>
<p>5 (i)</p> <p>(ii)</p>	<p>Length = $20 - 2x$</p> <p>Area = $x(20 - 2x)$</p> $= 20x - 2x^2$ <p>$\frac{dA}{dx} = 20 - 4x$</p> <p>For max, $20 - 4x = 0$</p> <p>$x = 5$ only</p> <p>Area = 50</p>	<p>M1</p> <p>A1 2</p> <p>M1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1 4</p> <p>6</p>	<p>Expression for length of enclosure in terms of x</p> <p>Correctly shows that area = $20x - 2x^2$</p> <p>AG</p> <p>Differentiates area expression</p> <p>Uses $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$</p>
<p>6</p>	<p>Let $y = (x + 2)^2$</p> $y^2 + 5y - 6 = 0$ $(y + 6)(y - 1) = 0$ <p>$y = -6$ or $y = 1$</p> $(x + 2)^2 = 1$ <p>$x = -1$</p> <p>or $x = -3$</p>	<p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1 6</p> <p>6</p>	<p>Substitute for $(x + 2)^2$ to get</p> $y^2 + 5y - 6 (= 0)$ <p>Correct method to find roots</p> <p>Both values for y correct</p> <p>Attempt to work out x</p> <p>One correct value</p> <p>Second correct value and no extra real values</p>
<p>7 (a)</p> <p>(b)</p>	<p>$f(x) = x + 3x^{-1}$</p> $f'(x) = 1 - 3x^{-2}$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}}$ <p>When $x = 4$, $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{4^3}$</p> $= 20$	<p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>A1 4</p> <p>M1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 5</p> <p>9</p>	<p>Attempt to differentiate</p> <p>First term correct</p> <p>x^2 soi www</p> <p>Fully correct answer</p> <p>Use of differentiation to find gradient</p> $\frac{5}{2}x^c$ $kx^{\frac{3}{2}}$ $\sqrt{4^3}$ soi <p>SR If 0 scored for first 3 marks, award</p> <p>B1 if $\sqrt{4^n}$ correctly evaluated.</p>

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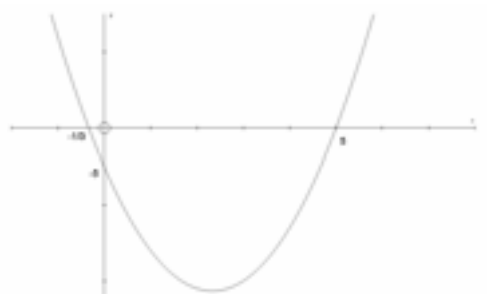
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<p>8 (i)</p> $(x + 4)^2 - 16 + 15$ $= (x + 4)^2 - 1$ <p>(ii)</p> <p>(-4, -1)</p> <p>(iii)</p> $x^2 + 8x + 15 > 0$ $(x + 5)(x + 3) > 0$ $x < -5, x > -3$	<p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 3</p> <p>B1 ft</p> <p>B1 ft 2</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 4</p> <p>9</p>	<p>a = 4</p> <p>15 – their a²</p> <p>cao in required form</p> <p>Correct x coordinate</p> <p>Correct y coordinate</p> <p>Correct method to find roots</p> <p>-5, -3</p> <p>Correct method to solve quadratic inequality eg +ve quadratic graph</p> <p>x < -5, x > -3 (not wrapped, strict inequalities, no 'and')</p>
<p>9 (i)</p> $(x - 3)^2 - 9 + y^2 - k = 0$ $(x - 3)^2 + y^2 = 9 + k$ <p>Centre (3, 0)</p> $9 + k = 4^2$ $k = 7$ <p>(ii)</p> $(3 - 3)^2 + y^2 = 16$ $y^2 = 16$ $y = 4$ $\text{Length of AB} = \sqrt{(-1 - 3)^2 + (0 - 4)^2}$ $= \sqrt{32}$ $= 4\sqrt{2}$ <p>(iii)</p> <p>Gradient of AB = 1 or $\frac{a}{4}$</p> $y - 0 = m(x + 1) \quad \text{or} \quad y - 4 = m(x - 3)$ $y = x + 1$	<p>B1</p> <p>B1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 4</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 ft</p> <p>A1 5</p> <p>B1 ft</p> <p>M1</p> <p>A1 3</p> <p>12</p>	<p>(x - 3)² soi</p> <p>Correct centre</p> <p>Correct value for k (may be embedded)</p> <p><u>Alternative method using expanded form:</u></p> <p>Centre (-g, -f) M1</p> <p>Centre (3, 0) A1</p> $4 = \sqrt{f^2 + g^2 - (-k)} \quad \text{M1}$ $k = 7 \quad \text{A1}$ <p>Attempt to substitute x = 3 into original equation or their equation y = 4 (do not allow ± 4)</p> <p>Correct method to find line length using Pythagoras' theorem</p> $\sqrt{32} \quad \text{or} \quad \sqrt{16 + a^2}$ <p>cao</p> <p>Attempts equation of straight line through their A or B with their gradient</p> <p>Correct equation in any form with simplified constants</p>

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<p>10 (i)</p>	$(3x + 1)(x - 5) = 0$ $x = \frac{-1}{3} \text{ or } x = 5$	<p>M1 A1 A1 3</p>	<p>Correct method to find roots Correct brackets or formula Both values correct</p> <p>SR B1 for $x = 5$ spotted www</p>
<p>(ii)</p>		<p>B1 B1 B1 ft 3</p>	<p>Positive quadratic (must be reasonably symmetrical)</p> <p>y intercept correct</p> <p>both x intercepts correct</p>
<p>(iii)</p>	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 6x - 14$ $6x - 14 = 4$ $x = 3$ <p>On curve, when $x = 3$, $y = -20$</p> $-20 = (4 \times 3) + c$ $c = -32$ <p><u>Alternative method:</u></p> $3x^2 - 14x - 5 = 4x + c$ $3x^2 - 18x - 5 - c = 0 \text{ has one solution}$ $b^2 - 4ac = 0$ $(-18)^2 - (4 \times 3 \times (-5 - c)) = 0$ $c = -32$	<p>M1* M1* A1 A1 ft M1dep A1 6 M1 B1 M1 M1 A1 A1</p>	<p>Use of differentiation to find gradient of curve</p> <p>Equating their gradient expression to 4</p> <p>Finding y co ordinate for their x value</p> <p>N.B. dependent on both previous M marks</p> <p>Equate curve and line (or substitute for x)</p> <p>Statement that only one solution for a tangent (may be implied by next line)</p> <p>Use of discriminant = 0</p> <p>Attempt to use a, b, c from their equation</p> <p>Correct equation</p> <p>$c = -32$</p>
		<p>12</p>	