



Cambridge International Examinations
Cambridge International Advanced Level

CANDIDATE
NAME

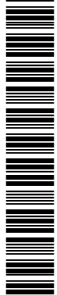
CENTRE
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MATHEMATICS

9709/71

Paper 7 Probability & Statistics 2 (S2)

May/June 2017

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.

1 On average, 1 clover plant in 10 000 has four leaves instead of three.

(i) Use an approximating distribution to calculate the probability that, in a random sample of 2000 clover plants, more than 2 will have four leaves. [3]

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(ii) Justify your approximating distribution. [2]

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- 2 Past experience has shown that the heights of a certain variety of plant have mean 64.0 cm and standard deviation 3.8 cm. During a particularly hot summer, it was expected that the heights of plants of this variety would be less than usual. In order to test whether this was the case, a botanist recorded the heights of a random sample of 100 plants and found that the value of the sample mean was 63.3 cm. Stating a necessary assumption, carry out the test at the 2.5% significance level. [6]

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(b) A researcher used 3 random samples to calculate 3 independent 92% confidence intervals. Find the probability that all 3 of these confidence intervals contain only values that are greater than the actual population mean. [2]

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(c) Another researcher surveyed the first 75 people who waited at a bus stop on a Monday morning. Give a reason why this sample is unsuitable for use in finding a confidence interval for the mean waiting time. [1]

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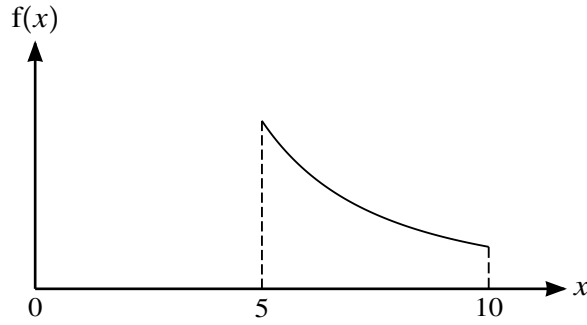
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The time, X minutes, taken by a large number of runners to complete a certain race has probability density function f given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{x^2} & 5 \leq x \leq 10, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

where k is a constant, as shown in the diagram.

- (i) Without calculation, explain how you can tell that there were more runners whose times were below 7.5 minutes than above 7.5 minutes. [1]

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- (ii) Show that $k = 10$. [3]

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(iii) Find $E(X)$.

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(iv) Find $\text{Var}(X)$.

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5 Large packets of sugar are packed in cartons, each containing 12 packets. The weights of these packets are normally distributed with mean 505 g and standard deviation 3.2 g. The weights of the cartons, when empty, are independently normally distributed with mean 150 g and standard deviation 7 g.

(i) Find the probability that the total weight of a full carton is less than 6200 g. [5]

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(iii) During the 6-month period there are a total of 2 sports injuries. Carry out the test. [3]

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(iv) Assuming that the mean remains 1.1, calculate the probability that there will be fewer than 30 sports injuries during a 36-month period. [4]

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