



**Cambridge International Examinations**  
Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME

CENTRE NUMBER

CANDIDATE NUMBER



**MATHEMATICS**

**9709/41**

Paper 4 Mechanics 1 (M1)

**May/June 2017**

**1 hour 15 minutes**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.  
Write in dark blue or black pen.  
You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.  
Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.  
**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

Answer **all** the questions.  
Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.  
Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity is needed, use  $10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ .  
The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.  
You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.  
The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.  
The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.



3

2 A particle of mass 0.8 kg is projected with a speed of  $12 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  up a line of greatest slope of a rough plane inclined at an angle of  $10^\circ$  to the horizontal. The coefficient of friction between the particle and the plane is 0.4.

(i) Find the acceleration of the particle. [4]

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(ii) Find the distance the particle moves up the plane before coming to rest. [2]

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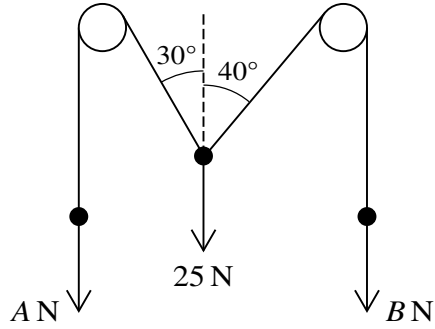
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Two light inextensible strings are attached to a particle of weight  $25 \text{ N}$ . The strings pass over two smooth fixed pulleys and have particles of weights  $A \text{ N}$  and  $B \text{ N}$  hanging vertically at their ends. The sloping parts of the strings make angles of  $30^\circ$  and  $40^\circ$  respectively with the vertical (see diagram). The system is in equilibrium. Find the values of  $A$  and  $B$ . [6]

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4 A car of mass 800 kg is moving up a hill inclined at  $\theta^\circ$  to the horizontal, where  $\sin \theta = 0.15$ . The initial speed of the car is  $8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ . Twelve seconds later the car has travelled 120 m up the hill and has speed  $14 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ .

(i) Find the change in the kinetic energy and the change in gravitational potential energy of the car. [3]

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(ii) The engine of the car is working at a constant rate of 32 kW. Find the total work done against the resistive forces during the twelve seconds. [3]

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5 A particle  $P$  moves in a straight line  $ABCD$  with constant deceleration. The velocities of  $P$  at  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$  are  $20\text{ m s}^{-1}$ ,  $12\text{ m s}^{-1}$  and  $6\text{ m s}^{-1}$  respectively.

(i) Find the ratio of distances  $AB : BC$ . [4]

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**6** A particle  $P$  moves in a straight line passing through a point  $O$ . At time  $t$  s, the velocity of  $P$ ,  $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$ , is given by  $v = qt + rt^2$ , where  $q$  and  $r$  are constants. The particle has velocity  $4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  when  $t = 1$  and when  $t = 2$ .

**(i)** Show that, when  $t = 0.5$ , the acceleration of  $P$  is  $4 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ . [4]

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**(ii)** Find the values of  $t$  when  $P$  is at instantaneous rest. [2]

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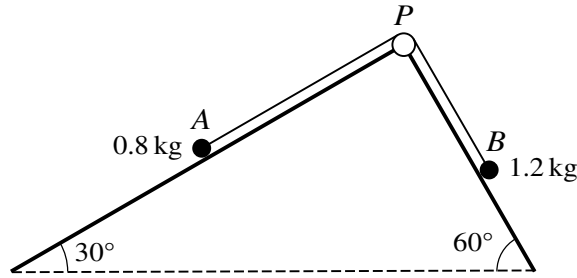
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As shown in the diagram, a particle  $A$  of mass  $0.8 \text{ kg}$  lies on a plane inclined at an angle of  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal and a particle  $B$  of mass  $1.2 \text{ kg}$  lies on a plane inclined at an angle of  $60^\circ$  to the horizontal. The particles are connected by a light inextensible string which passes over a small smooth pulley  $P$  fixed at the top of the planes. The parts  $AP$  and  $BP$  of the string are parallel to lines of greatest slope of the respective planes. The particles are released from rest with both parts of the string taut.

- (i) Given that both planes are smooth, find the acceleration of  $A$  and the tension in the string. [6]

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