## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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Pa	Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2012	Syllabus 9702	Paper 31
1 (a) (	(iii) `	Value	e of x in the range $0.50 - 0.60$ m.	5102	[1]
(b)	• •		e of <i>T</i> with unit: 0.9 s < <i>T</i> < 1.3 s. ence of repeats.		[1] [1]
(c)			of readings of $x$ and $T$ scores 4 marks, five sets scores trend $-1$ . Minor help from Supervisor $-1$ ; major help		[4]
	Rang	ge of	x at least 25 cm.		[1]
	Column headings: Each column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate. [ The unit must conform to accepted scientific convention e.g. $x/m$ or $x(m)$ or $x$ in m.				
	Consistency of presentation of raw readings: All values of <i>x</i> must be given to the nearest mm.				[1]
			nt figures: nt figures for $√x$ should be the same as, or one more t	han, s.f. for <i>x</i> .	[1]
	Calc	ulatio	on: $\sqrt{x}$ calculated correctly.		[1]
<ul> <li>(d) (i) Axes: Sensible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) Scales must be chosen so that the plotted points on the graph grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Scales must be labelled with the quantity that is being plott Scale markings should not be greater than three large squ</li> </ul>		e grid occupy at ted.			
	(	All th Chec Work	ing of points: le observations in the table must be plotted. ok the points are plotted correctly. It to an accuracy of half a small square. ot accept 'blobs' (points with diameter greater than ha	If a small square	[1] e).
	1	the s	ity: oints in the table must be plotted (at least 5) for this scatter of all the points about a straight line. All p cm <sup>7</sup> ) on the $\sqrt{x}$ axis from a straight line.		
	-	Judg There Allow	of best fit: e by the balance of all the points on the grid (at leas e must be an even distribution of points either side of v one anomalous point if clearly indicated (e.g. circled must not be kinked or thicker than half a small square	the line along the d or labelled) by	e full length.

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
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(iii)	(iii) Gradient: [1] The hypotenuse of the triangle must be at least half the length of the drawn line. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square in both the <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. Do not allow $\Delta x/\Delta y$ .				
	<i>y</i> -intercept:		[1]		
	Either: Check correct read-off from a point on the line, and subs off must be accurate to half a small square in both the x gradient value. Or: Check the read-off of the intercept directly from the graph.	and y direction			
• • •	ue of $P$ = candidate's gradient and $Q$ = value of canditions.	date's intercept.	Do not allow [1]		
Uni	t for <i>P</i> (s m <sup><math>-\frac{1}{2}</math></sup> or s cm <sup><math>-\frac{1}{2} or s mm<math>-\frac{1}{2}</math>) consistent with value, an</math></sup>	d Q (s).	[1]		
			[Total: 20]		
2 (a) (iii)	Value of $F_0$ with unit. Evidence of repeats.		[1] [1]		
(iv)	Absolute uncertainty in $F_0$ in range $0.4 - 1$ N. If repeated readings have been taken, then the uncertainty Correct method of calculation of percentage uncertainty.	/ can be half the	range. [1]		
(v)	Value of $\mu$ given to 2 or 3 s.f.		[1]		
(b) (ii)	Value of $\theta$ with unit to the nearest degree.		[1]		
(iii)	Correct calculation of (sin $\theta$ + $\mu \cos \theta$ ).		[1]		
(c) (ii)	Value of <i>F</i> .		[1]		
Sec Sec	cond value of $\theta$ . cond value of $\theta$ < first value of $\theta$ . cond value of $F$ < first value of $F$ . w $F_2 > F_1$ if $\theta_2 > \theta_1$ .		[1] [1] [1]		
(e) (i)	Correct calculation of two values of <i>k</i> .		[1]		
(ii)	Sensible comment relating to the calculated values of criterion.	<i>k,</i> testing again	st a specified [1]		

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(f)

	(i) Limitations 4 max.	(ii) Improvements 4 max.	No credit/not enough
A	two readings are not enough (to draw a conclusion)	take more readings and plot a graph/ calculate more <i>k</i> values and <u>compare</u>	few readings/ take more readings and calculate average <i>k</i> / only one reading
В	some parts of board rougher than others/ surface of board is uneven/ board not flat	method to ensure same section of board used in each experiment (e.g. mark one section)	board is rough/ there is friction between the block and the board/ use a smoother surface/ references to oil/lubricants
С	large (percentage) uncertainty in <i>F</i>	use larger/heavier masses	values of <i>F</i> very similar
D	difficulty in arranging newton- meter parallel to board/pulling in line with board	use (long) piece of string to connect the newton-meter to the block	newton-meter touching board when attached
E	block moves suddenly/without warning (so difficult to read newton-meter at the instant the block starts to move) value of <i>F</i> changes when block moves	use system of pulley and weights/ sand to measure <i>F</i> / use a newton-meter with a max hold facility/ use video and playback/ use force sensor and datalogger/computer	
F	board tends to slip/ board not stable/ supporting block can topple	method described to secure board/block/support e.g. clamp the board, fix the supporting block to the bench with tape/blu-tack	
G	cannot zero newton-meter when used horizontally	use system of pulley and weights/ sand to measure <i>F</i> / use force sensor and datalogger/computer	zero error in newton-meter

Ignore 'parallax problems', 'use assistant' or references to draughts, fans, a.c.

[Total: 20]